MUFFINS



- Muffins, like cinnamon rolls, are an example of a "quick bread".
 - quick breads use baking powder or baking soda (with an acid) to help them rise quickly in the oven as opposed to other products that use yeast and have a longer rising time
- The food preparation technique for making muffins is called "the muffin method".
- The Muffin Method:





- is a two bowl method
 - dry ingredients and wet ingredients are put into separate bowls
- a well can be made in the center of the dry ingredients before adding the wet ingredients
- the dry and wet ingredients are mixed just until they are combined (no more flour visible) to prevent overmixing and to create the appropriate texture
- Flour and liquid in a recipe combine to influence the texture of baked goods and can be
 affected by the mixing process (utensil used, method, length of time)
- The **best utensils** for mixing muffins are
 - o a fork, a wooden spoon or a spatula
 - these are easier to control and reduce the likelihood of overmixing
 - an electric mixer is harder to control and may result in overmixing
- An ideal muffin
 - will have a rounded top
 - soft texture
 - o no big holes or tunnels on the inside
 - overmixing is usually the cause of coneheaded muffins with holes and a tough texture
- The main ingredient in our muffin recipe is **flour**, which provides carbohydrates in the form of **starch**.
 - Many commercially prepared muffins have sugar listed as the main ingredient and contain more fat and energy (calories) than homemade muffins.
 - Read labels, choose with consideration.





